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SECTION 7 MAINTENANCE STANDARD

GROUP 1 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

1. PURPOSE

Performance tests are used to check:

1) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A NEW MACHINE

Whenever a new machine is delivered in parts and reassembled at a customer's site, it must be tested to confirm that the operational performance of the machine meets HD Hyundai Construction Equipment spec.

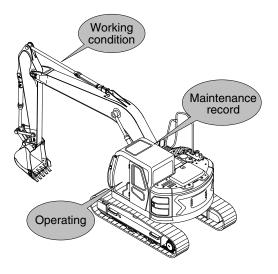
2) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A WORKING MACHINE

With the passage of time, the machine's operational performance deteriorates, so that the machine needs to be serviced periodically to restore it to its original performance level.

Before servicing the machine, conduct performance tests to check the extent of deterioration, and to decide what kind of service needs to be done(by referring to the "Service Limits" in this manual).

3) OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE OF A REPAIRED MACHINE

After the machine is repaired or serviced, it must be tested to confirm that its operational performance was restored by the repair and/or service work done.

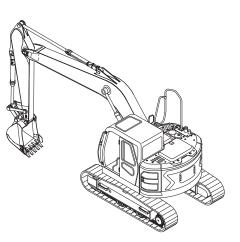


130ZF7MS01

2. TERMINOLOGY

1) STANDARD

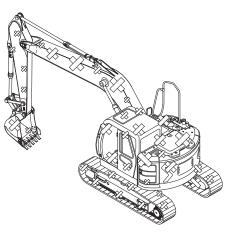
Specifications applied to the brand-new machine, components and parts.



130ZF7MS02

2) SERVICE LIMIT

The lowest acceptable performance level. When the performance level of the machine falls below this level, the machine must be removed from work and repaired. Necessary parts and components must be replaced.



130ZF7MS03

3. OPERATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

1) Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

(1) The machine

Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

(2) Test area

- 1 Select a hard, flat surface.
- ② Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 20m, and to make a full swing with the front attachment extended.
- ③ If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.

(3) Precautions

- Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
- ② Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
- ③ While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
- ④ Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.

(4) Make precise measurements

- ① Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
- ② Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
- ③ Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be procured repeatedly.Use mean values of measurements if necessary.

(290-7TIER) 7-3

2) ENGINE SPEED

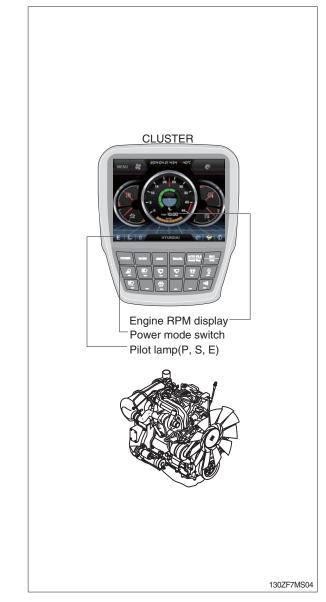
- (1) Measure the engine speed at each power mode
- * The engine speed at each power mode must meet standard RPM; if not, all other operational performance data will be unreliable. It is essential to perform this test first.

(2) Preparation

- Warm up the machine, until the engine coolant temperature reaches 50°C or more, and the hydraulic oil is 50±5°C.
- ② Set the multimodal dial at 10 (Max) position.
- ③ Measure the engine RPM.

(3) Measurement

- Start the engine. The engine will run at start idle speed. Measure engine speed with a engine rpm display.
- ② Measure and record the engine speed at each mode (P, S, E).
- ③ Select the P-mode.
- ④ Lightly operate the bucket control lever a few times, then return the control lever to neutral; The engine will automatically enter the auto-idle speed after 4 seconds.
- ⑤ Measure and record the auto deceleration speed.



(4) Evaluation

The measured speeds should meet the following specifications.

Unit : rpm

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Remarks
	Start idle	1000±100	
	P mode	1850±50	
HX130CR	S mode	1750±50	
HX130LCR	E mode	1650±50	
	Auto decel	1100±100	
	One touch decel	1000±100	

Condition : Set the multimodal dial at 10 (Max) position.

3) TRAVEL SPEED

(1) Measure the time required for the excavator to travel a 20 m test track.

(2) Preparation

- ① Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Prepare a flat and solid test track 20m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- ① Measure both the low and high speeds of the machine.
- ② Before starting either the low or high speed tests, adjust the travel mode switch to the speed to be tested, then select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the time required to travel 20 m.
- ⑤ After measuring the forward travel speed, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure the reverse travel speed.
- 6 Repeat steps ④ and ⑤ three times in each direction and calculate the average values.

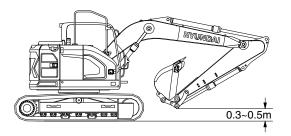
(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

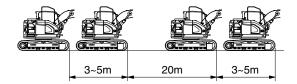
Unit : Seconds / 20 m

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Model	Travel speed	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX130CR	1 Speed	22.0±2.0	27.9	
HX130LCR	2 Speed	13.2±1.0	17.0	



145ZF7MS04



4) TRACK REVOLUTION SPEED

(1) Measure the track revolution cycle time with the track raised off ground.

(2) Preparation

- Adjust the tension of both side tracks to be equal.
- ② On the track to be measured, mark one shoe with chalk.
- ③ Swing the upperstructure 90 °and lower the bucket to raise the track off ground. Keep the boom-arm angle between 90 to 110 °as shown. Place blocks under machine frame.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

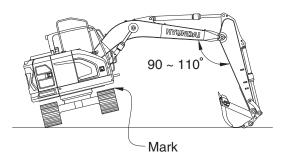
(3) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Travel mode switch : 1 or 2 speed
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- · Auto idle switch : OFF
- ② Operate the travel control lever of the raised track in full forward and reverse.
- ③ Rotate 1 turn, then measure time taken for next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Raise the other side of machine and repeat the procedure.
- (5) Repeat steps (3) and (4) three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The revolution cycle time of each track should meet the following specifications.

		l	Init : Seconds / 3 revolutions
Model	Travel speed	Standard	Maximum allowable
HX130CR	1 Speed	24.3±2.0	32.6
HX130LCR	2 Speed	14.2±1.0	19.8



145ZF7MS06

5) TRAVEL DEVIATION

 Measure the deviation by the tracks from a 20m straight line.

(2) Preparation

- Adjust the tension of both tracks to be equal.
- ② Provide a flat, solid test yard 20 m in length, with extra length of 3 to 5 m on both ends for machine acceleration and deceleration.
- ③ Hold the bucket 0.3 to 0.5 m above the ground with the arm and bucket rolled in.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

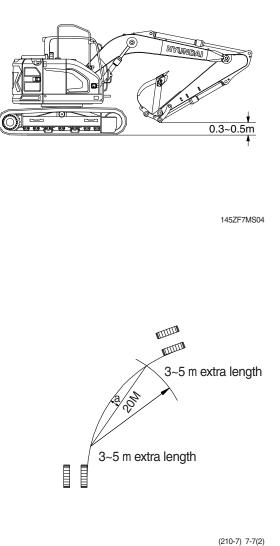
- ① Measure the amount of mistracking at high and low travel speeds.
- ② Before beginning each test, select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Start traveling the machine in the acceleration zone with the travel levers at full stroke.
- ④ Measure the distance between a straight
 20 m line and the track made by the machine. (Dimension a)
- ⑤ After measuring the tracking in forward travel, turn the upperstructure 180° and measure that in reverse travel.
- 6 Repeat steps ④ and 5 three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

Mistrack should be within the following specifications.

Unit:mm/20m

Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX130CR HX130LCR	200 below	240	



6) SWING SPEED

(1) Measure the time required to swing three complete turns.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- (4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

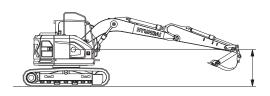
- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate swing control lever fully.
- ③ Swing 1 turn and measure time taken to swing next 3 revolutions.
- ④ Repeat steps ② and ③ three time and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The time required for 3 swings should meet the following specifications.

Unit : Seconds / 3 revolutions

Model	Power mode switch	Standard	Maximum allowable
HX130CR HX130LCR	P mode	14.3±1.5	17.4



145ZF7MS07

7) SWING FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

 Measure the swing drift on the bearing outer circumference when stopping after a 360° full speed swing.

(2) Preparation

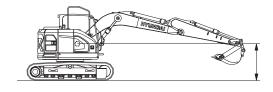
- Check the lubrication of the swing gear and swing bearing.
- ② Place the machine on flat, solid ground with ample space for swinging. Do not conduct this test on slopes.
- ③ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin. The bucket must be empty.
- ④ Make two chalk marks: one on the swing bearing and one directly below it on the track frame.
- 5 Swing the upperstructure 360°.
- 6 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50±5°C.

(3) Measurement

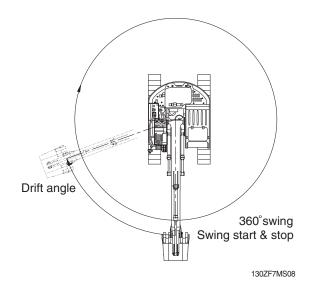
- 1 Conduct this test in the M mode.
- ② Select the following switch positions.
 · Power mode switch : P mode
- ③ Operate the swing control lever fully and return it to the neutral position when the mark on the upperstructure aligns with that on track frame after swinging 360°.
- ④ Measure the distance between the two marks.
- ⑤ Align the marks again, swing 360°, then test the opposite direction.
- 6 Repeat steps 4 and 5 three times each and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift angle should be within the following specifications.



145ZF7MS07



Unit : Degree

Model	Power mode switch	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX130CR HX130LCR	P mode	90 below	157.5	

8) SWING BEARING PLAY

 Measure the swing bearing play using a dial gauge to check the wear of bearing races and balls.

(2) Preparation

- ① Check swing bearing mounting cap screws for loosening.
- ② Check the lubrication of the swing bearing. Confirm that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- ③ Install a dial gauge on the track frame as shown, using a magnetic base.
- ④ Position the upperstructure so that the boom aligns with the tracks facing towards the front idlers.
- ⑤ Position the dial gauge so that its needle point comes into contact with the bottom face of the bearing outer race.
- 6 Bucket should be empty.

(3) Measurement

- With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bottom face of the bucket to the same height of the boom foot pin. Record the dial gauge reading (h1).
- ② Lower the bucket to the ground and use it to raise the front idler 50cm.
 - Record the dial gauge reading (h2).
- Galculate bearing play (H) from this data (h1 and h2) as follows.
 H=h2-h1

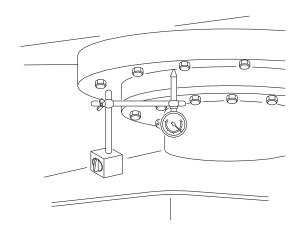
(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

I Init · mm

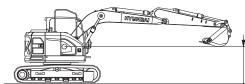
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			01110.11111
Model	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX130CR HX130LCR	0.5 ~ 1.5	3.0	



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Measurement : (h2)



9) HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

(1) Measure the cycle time of the boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders.

(2) Preparation

① To measure the cycle time of the boom cylinders:

With the arm rolled out and the empty bucket rolled out, lower the bucket to the ground, as shown.

② To measure the cycle time of the arm cylinder.

With the empty bucket rolled in, position the arm so that it is vertical to the ground. Lower the boom until the bucket is 0.5 m above the ground.

③ To measure the cycle time of the bucket cylinder.

The empty bucket should be positioned at midstroke between roll-in and roll-out, so that the sideplate edges are vertical to the ground.

(4) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

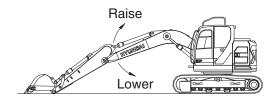
(3) Measurement

- ① Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- 2 To measure cylinder cycle times.
- Boom cylinders.

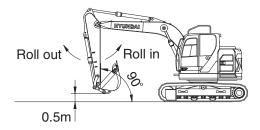
Measure the time it takes to raise the boom, and the time it takes to lower the boom. To do so, position the boom at one stroke end then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

- Arm cylinder.

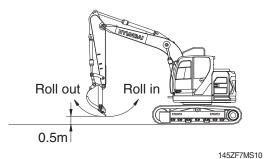
Measure the time it takes to roll in the arm, and the time it takes to roll out the arm. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible. Boom cylinder



Arm cylinder



Bucket cylinder



- Bucket cylinders

Measure the time it takes to roll in the bucket, and the time it takes to roll out the bucket. To do so, position the bucket at one stroke end, then move the control lever to the other stroke end as quickly as possible.

- Repeat each measurement 3 times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The average measured time should meet the following specifications.

Unit : Seconds

Model	Function		Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom raise		3.4±0.4	4.5	
	Boom lower		2.3±0.4	3.3	
	Arm in	Regen ON	2.7±0.4	4.3	
HX130CR		Regen OFF	2.9±0.4	3.9	
HX130LCR	Arm out Bucket in		2.9±0.3	5.4	
			3.7±0.4	4.7	
	Bucket out	2.4±0.3	3.1		

10) DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK

 Measure dig function drift, which can be caused by oil leakage in the control valve and boom, standard arm, and standard bucket cylinders, with the loaded bucket.
 When testing the dig function drift just after cylinder replacement, slowly operate each cylinder to its stroke end to purge air.

(2) Preparation

- Load bucket fully. Instead of loading the bucket, weight(W) of the following specification can be used.
 - · W=M ${}^{3}\times1.5$

Where :

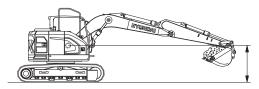
M³ = Bucket heaped capacity (m³)

1.5=Soil specific gravity

- ② Position the arm cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm extended from the fully retracted position.
- ③ Position the bucket cylinder with the rod 20 to 30 mm retracted from the fully extended position.
- ④ With the arm rolled out and bucket rolled in, hold the bucket so that the height of the bucket pin is the same as the boom foot pin.
- (5) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Five minutes after the engine has been stopped, measure the changes in the positions of the boom, arm and bucket cylinders.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.
- (4) The measured drift should be within the following specifications.



145ZF7MS11

Model	Drift to be measured	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom cylinder	10 below	20	
HX130CR HX130LCR	Arm cylinder	10 below	20	
	Bucket cylinder	40 below	50	

11) CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

 Use a spring scale to measure the maximum resistance of each control lever at the middle of the grip.

(2) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Start the engine.
- ② Select the following switch positions.
 Power mode switch: P mode
- ③ Operate each boom, arm, bucket and swing lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force for each.
- ④ Lower the bucket to the ground to raise one track off the ground. Operate the travel lever at full stroke and measure the maximum operating force required. When finished, lower the track and then jack-up the other track.
- (5) Repeat steps (3) and (4) three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured operating force should be within the following specifications.

Unit : kgf

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	1.5 or below	1.7	
	Arm lever	1.5 or below	1.7	
HX130CR HX130LCR	Bucket lever	1.5 or below	1.7	
	Swing lever	1.5 or below	1.7	
	Travel lever	2.1 or below	3.15	

12) CONTROL LEVER STROKE

- (1) Measure each lever stroke at the lever top using a ruler.
- When the lever has play, take a half of this value and add it to the measured stroke.

(2) Preparation

Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}C$.

(3) Measurement

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Measure each lever stroke at the lever top from neutral to the stroke end using a ruler.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(4) Evaluation

The measured drift should be within the following specifications.

Unit : mm

Model	Kind of lever	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
	Boom lever	85±10	115	
	Arm lever	85±10	115	
HX130CR HX130LCR	Bucket lever	85±10	115	
	Swing lever	85±10	115	
	Travel lever	139±10	178	

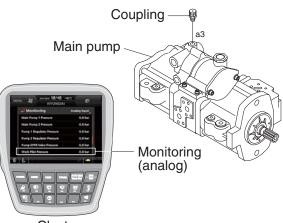
13) PILOT PRIMARY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50 ± 5 °C.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- · Auto decel switch : OFF
- ⁽²⁾ Measure the primary pilot pressure by the monitoring menu of the cluster.



Cluster

130ZF7MS12

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications:

Unit : kgf / cm²

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
HX130CR HX130LCR	P mode	38 ⁺² ₀	-	

14) FOR TRAVEL SPEED SELECTING PRESSURE:

(1) Preparation

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- ③ To measure the speed selecting pressure: Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to turning joint P port as shown.
- ④ Start the engine and check for on leakage from the adapter.
- (5) Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

 Select the following switch positions. Travel mode switch : 1 speed

2 speed

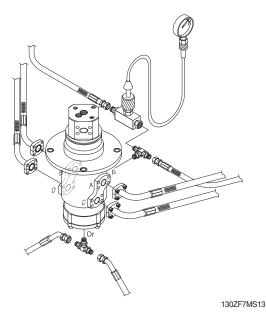
- · Mode selector : P mode
- ② Measure the travel speed selecting pressure in the Hi or Lo mode.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Unit:kgf/cm2

Model	Travel speed mode	Standard	Maximum allowable	Remarks
HX130CR	1 Speed	0	-	
HX130LCR	2 Speed	40±5	-	



15) SWING PARKING BRAKE RELEASING PILOT PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

- 1 Stop the engine.
- ② Loosen the cap and relieve the pressure in the tank by pushing the top of the air breather.
- ③ The pressure release L wrench to bleed air.
- ④ Install a connector and pressure gauge assembly to swing motor SH port, as shown.
- (5) Start the engine and check for oil leakage from the adapter.
- 6 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Operate the swing function or arm roll in function and measure the swing brake control pressure with the brake disengaged. Release the control lever to return to neutral and measure the control pressure when the brake is applied.
- ③ Repeat step ② three times and calculate the average values.

Brake applied

(3) Evaluation

Model

HX130CR

HX130LCR

The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

0

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Description	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
Brake disengaged	40	Over 9	

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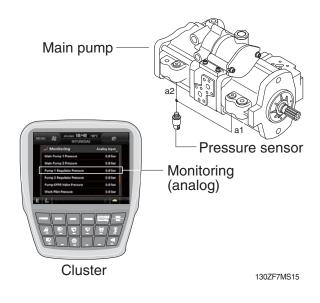
16) MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE

(1) Preparation

1 Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50±5°C.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Measure the main pump delivery pressure in the P mode (high idle).



(3) Evaluation

The average measured pressure should meet the following specifications.

Unit: kgf/cm²

Model	Engine speed	Standard	Allowable limits	Remarks
HX130CR HX130LCR	High idle	34±3	-	

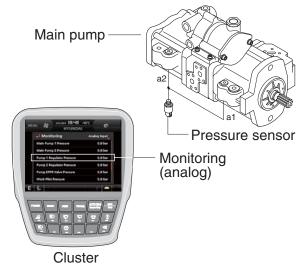
17) SYSTEM PRESSURE REGULATOR RELIEF SETTING

(1) Preparation

① Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at $50\pm5^{\circ}$ C.

(2) Measurement

- 1 Select the following switch positions.
- · Power mode switch : P mode
- ② Slowly operate each control lever of boom, arm and bucket functions at full stroke over relief and measure the pressure.
- ③ In the swing function, place bucket against an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.
- ④ In the travel function, lock undercarriage with an immovable object and measure the relief pressure.



130ZF7MS15

Unit: kgf/cm²

(3) Evaluation

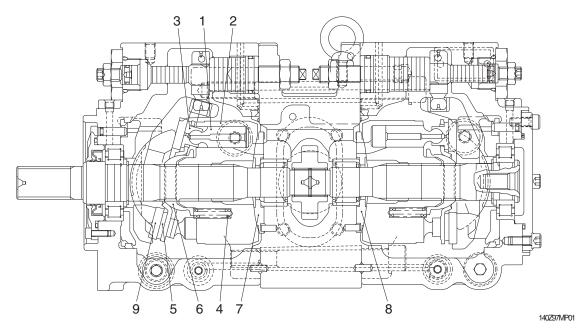
The average measured pressure should be within the following specifications.

Model	Function to be tested		Standard	Port relief setting at 20 lpm
HX130CR HX130LCR	Boom, Arm, Bucket		330 (360)±10	380±10
	Tra	avel	330±10	-
	Swing	Type 1	260±10	-
	Swing	Type 2	285±10	

(): Power boost

GROUP 2 MAJOR COMPONENT

1. MAIN PUMP



Part name & i	nspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended replacement value	Counter measures
Clearance between piston (1) & cylinder bore (2) (D-d)		0.032	0.056	Replace piston or cylinder.
Play between piston (1) & shoe caulking section (3) (δ)		0-0.1	0.3	Replace
Thickness of shoe (t)		3.9	3.7	assembly of piston & shoe.
Free height of cylinder spring (4) (L)		41.1	40.3	Replace cylinder spring.
Combined height of set plate (5) (H) & spherical bushing (6) (h) (H-h)	h H	17.0	15.8	Replace set plate or spherical bushing.
Surface roughness for valve plate (Sliding face) (7,8), swash plate (shoe plate	necessary to be corrected	3	Z	Lopping
area) (9), & cylinder (2) (Sliding face)	Standard surface roughness (Corrected value)	0.4z o	r lower	Lapping

2. MAIN CONTROL VALVE

Part name	Inspection item	Criteria & measure
Casing	· Existence of scratch, rusting or corrosion.	 In case of damage in following section, replace part.
		 Sliding sections of casing fore and spool, especially land sections applied with holded pressure. Seal pocket section where spool is inserted. Seal section of port where O-ring contacts. Seal section of each relief valve for main, travel, and port. Other damages that may damage normal functions.
Spool	 Existence of scratch, gnawing, rusting or corrosion. 	 Replacement when its outside sliding section has scratch (especially on seals-contacting section).
	· O-ring seal sections at both ends.	 Replacement when its sliding section has scratch.
	 Insert spool in casing hole, rotate and reciprocate it. 	 Correction or replacement when O-ring is damaged or when spool does not move smoothly.
Poppet	· Damage of poppet or spring	· Correction or replacement when sealing is incomplete.
	\cdot Insert poppet into casing and function it.	 Normal when it can function lightly without being caught.
Around spring	 Rusting, corrosion, deformation or breaking of spring, spring seat, plug or cover. 	· Replacement for significant damage.
Around seal	· External oil leakage.	· Correction or replacement.
for spool	 Rusting, corrosion or deformation of seal plate. 	· Correction or replacement.
Main relief valve,	· External rusting or damage.	· Replacement.
port relief valve & negative control	· Contacting face of valve seat.	· Replacement when damaged.
relief valve	· Contacting face of poppet.	· Replacement when damaged.
	· Abnormal spring.	· Replacement.
	\cdot O-rings, back up rings and seals.	· 100% replacement in general.

3. SWING DEVICE

1) WEARING PARTS

Inspection item	Standard dimension	Recommended replacement value	Counter measures
Clearance between piston and cylinder block bore	0.041	0.060	Replace piston or cylinder block
Thickness of valve plate	6	5.88	Replace
Play between piston and shoe caulking section (δ)	0.025	0.1	Replace assembly of piston and shoe
Thickness of shoe (t)	6.6	6.5	Replace assembly of piston and shoe
Combined height of retainer plate and spherical bushing (H-h)	17.6	17.3	Replace set of retainer plate and sperical bushing
Thickness of friction plate	2.94	2.7	Replace
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2) SLIDING PARTS

Part name	Standard roughness	Allowable roughness	Remark
Shoe	Rmax=1S (Ra=0.2a) (LAPPING)	4S (Ra=0.1a)	
Shoe plate	Rmax=0.4S (Ra=0.1a) (LAPPING)	3S (Ra=0.8a)	
Cylinder	Rmax=0.4S (Ra=0.1a) (LAPPING)	3S (Ra=0.8a)	
Valve plate	Rmax=0.4S (Ra=0.1a) (LAPPING)	2S (Ra=0.5a)	

4. TRAVEL MOTOR

Pro	oblem	Cause	Remedy	
Does not start	Pressure is not developed	 Pump failure Control valve malfunction 	 Check if action other than traveling is available. If faulty, repair. Check if spool moves correctly. Repair if necessary. 	
	Pressure is developed	 Brake valve failure Sleeve stick Check valve stick Motor failure Valve seat seizure Gear broken and fragment locked Overloaded 	 Replace brake valve Replace Check hydraulic oil for contamination Replace reduction gear Reduce load 	
Oil leakage	Leakage from engaging sur- faces	 Scratch on engaging surfaces Loosening by poor bolt tightening 	 Correct surfaces by oilstone or sandpaper or replace Check after retightening 	
	Leakage from casing	 Plug loosened Crack formed by stone 	 Retighten Replace reduction gear 	
	Leakage from floating seal	 Sliding surfaces worn Creep on O-ring 	 Replace reduction gear Replace floating seal 	
	Leakage from hydraulic motor	 Bolt loosened O-ring damaged Sealing surface scratched 	 Tighten properly Replace O-ring Correct by oilstone or sandpaper 	
Coasts on sl	ope excessively	 Poor volumetric efficiency of hydraulic motor Increase of internal leakage of brake valve Parking brake not actuated -Spring breakage -Wear of friction plate 	 Replace hydraulic motor Replace brake valve Replace spring Replace parking brake 	
Excessive te reduction ge	emperature on ar case	 Pitting on bearing Lack of gear oil Hydraulic oil introduced to gear case 	 Replace reduction gear Supply gear oil properly Check motor and replace oil seal 	
Meanders	Meanders at low pressure	 Delivery rate is different between right and left Motor drain rate is different between right and left 	 Repair pump Replace motor 	
	Meanders at high pressure	 Delivery rate is different between right and left Motor drain rate is different between right and left 	 Repair regulator or pump Replace motor 	
	Meanders at high pressure	 Relief pressure dropped at right and left brake valve Main relief pressure dropped at right or left of control valve 	 Replace brake valve Replace main relief valve 	
Pump delivery is poor		 Regulator operation poor External leakage of pump is excessive 	Repair regulatorRepair pump	
External leal	kage of motor is	-	· Replace motor	

5. RCV LEVER

Maintenance check item	Criteria	Remark
Leakage	The valve is to be replaced when the leakage becomes more than 1000 cc/m at neutral handle position, or more than 2000 cc/m during operation.	
Spool	This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10 μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface.	The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage.
Push rod	This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm.	
Play at operating section	The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on.	
Operation stability	When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6 troubleshooting, replace the related parts.	

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

6. RCV PEDAL

Maintenance check item	Criteria	Remark
Leakage	The valve is to be replaced when the leakage effect to the system. For example, the primary pressure drop.	Conditions : Primary pressure : 40 kgf/cm ² Oil viscosity : 23 cSt
Spool	This is to be replaced when the sliding surface has worn more than 10 μ m, compared with the non-sliding surface.	The leakage at the left condition is estimated to be nearly equal to the above leakage.
Push rod	This is to be replaced when the top end has worn more than 1 mm.	
Play at operating section	The pin, shaft, and joint of the operating section are to be replaced when their plays become more than 2 mm due to wears or so on.	When a play is due to looseness of a tightened section, adjust it.
Operation stability	When abnormal noises, hunting, primary pressure drop, etc. are generated during operation, and these cannot be remedied, referring to section 6. Troubleshooting, replace the related parts.	

Notes 1. It is desirable to replace seal materials, such as O-rings, every disassembling. However, they may be reused, after being confirmed to be free of damage.

7. TURNING JOINT

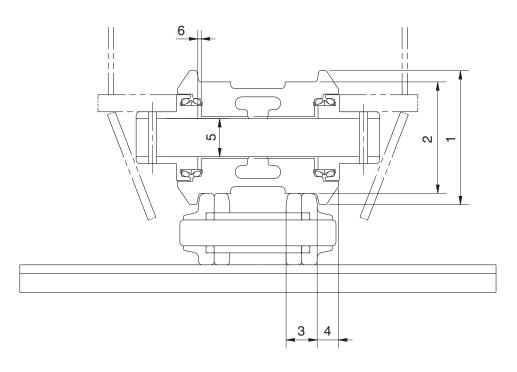
F	Part name	Maintenance standards	Remedy		
	Sliding surface with sealing sections.	Plating worn or peeled due to seizure or contamination.	Replace		
	Sliding surface between body and	 Worn abnormality or damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth due to seizure contamination. 	Replace		
Body, Stem	stem other than sealing section.	· Damaged more than 0.1 mm (0.0039 in) in depth.	Smooth with oilstone.		
	Sliding surface	· Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace		
	with thrust plate.	\cdot Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth		
		• Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Smooth		
	Sliding surface	· Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) or abnormality.	Replace		
Cover	with thrust plate.	· Worn less than 0.5 mm (0.02 in).	Smooth		
		• Damage due to seizure or contamination remediable within wear limit (0.5 mm) (0.02 in).	Replace		
		· Extruded excessively from seal groove square ring.	Replace		
	-	Square ring			
0		• Slipper ring 1.5 mm (0.059 in) narrower than seal groove, or narrower than back ring.	Replace		
Seal set	-	1.5mm (max.) (0.059 in)			
		 Worn more than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) ~ 1.5 mm (MAX.) (0.059 in) 	Replace		
	-				

8. CYLINDER

Part name	Inspecting section	Inspection item	Remedy
Piston rod	· Neck of rod pin	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	\cdot Weld on rod hub	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	· Stepped part to which piston is attached.	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	· Threads	· Presence of crack	· Recondition or replace
	· Plated surface	 Plating is not worn off to base metal. 	· Replace or replate
		· Rust is not present on plating.	· Replace or replate
		· Scratches are not present.	\cdot Recondition, replate or replace
	· Rod	· Wear of O.D.	\cdot Recondition, replate or replace
	· Bushing at mounting part	\cdot Wear of I.D.	· Replace
Cylinder tube	· Weld on bottom	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	\cdot Weld on head	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	\cdot Weld on hub	· Presence of crack	· Replace
	· Tube interior	· Presence of faults	· Replace if oil leak is seen
	· Bushing at mounting part	· Wear on inner surface	· Replace
Gland	· Bushing	· Flaw on inner surface	 Replace if flaw is deeper than coating

1. TRACK

1) TRACK ROLLER

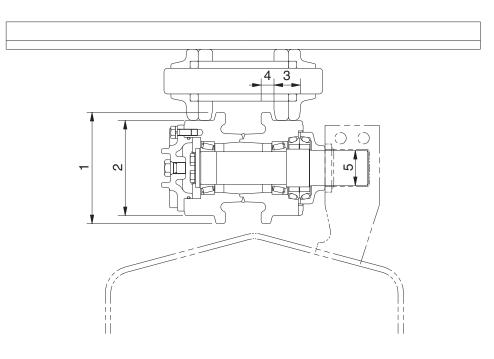


21037MS01

Unit : mm

No.	Check item		Criteria					Remedy
	Outside discussion of floores	Standard size		Repair limit				
	Outside diameter of flange	Ø	190		_			
2	Outside diameter of tread	Ø150			Ø138		Rebuild or replace	
3	Width of tread	36.5			42.5		·	
4	Width of flange	26.5			-			
		Standard	tolerance		Star	ndard	Clearance	
5	Clearance between shaft	size	Shaft	Hole	clearance	limit	Replace	
	and bushing	Ø65 -0.25 +0.12 -0.35 +0.075		0.325 to	0.47	2.0	bushing	
6	Side clearance of roller	Standard clearance		Clearance limit		Devices		
6	(both side)	0.1 to 1.3			2.0		Replace	

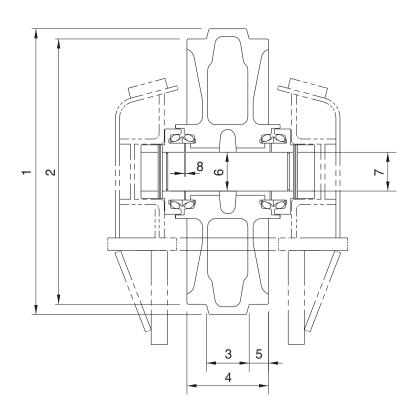
2) CARRIER ROLLER





Unit : mm

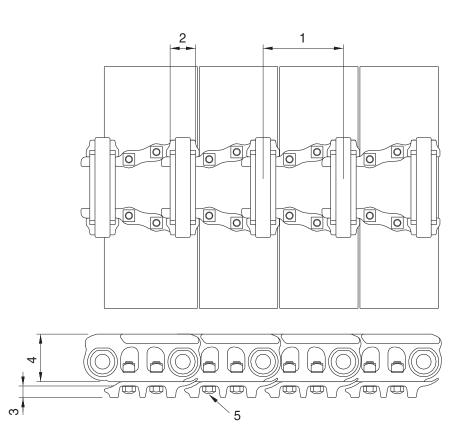
No.	Check item		Criteria				
4	Outside disperter of floores	Standa	Standard size		Repair limit		
	Outside diameter of flange	Ø175		_			
2	Outside diameter of tread	Ø	151	Ø141		Rebuild or replace	
3	Width of tread	37.25		42.25			
4	Width of flange	18	18.25		-		
		Standard size	Standard size & Tolerance		Clearance		
5	Clearance between shaft and bushing	Shaft	Hole	clearance	limit	Replace bushing	
	and busining	Ø41.27 0 +0.05	Ø41.5 +0.2 - 0.1	0.13 to 0.48	1.2	busiling	



21037MS03

Unit:mm

No.	Check item		Crit	eria		Remedy	
4	Outside diameter of flange	Standa	Standard size		Repair limit		
	Outside diameter of flange	Ø	552	-			
2	Outside diameter of tread	Ø	507	Ø4	Ø 497		
3	Width of protrusion	6	67			replace	
4	Total width	135		-			
5	Width of tread	3	34	39			
		Standard size & Tolerance		Standard	Clearance		
6	Clearance between shaft	Shaft	Hole	clearance	limit	Replace	
	and bushing	Ø70 0 -0.03	Ø70.3 +0.05 0	0.3 to 0.38	2.0	bushing	
7	Clearance between shaft and support	Ø70 0 -0.03	Ø70 +0.07 +0.03	0.03 to 0.1	1.2	Replace	
8	Side clearance of idler		clearance	Clearar	Replace		
	(both side)	0.25	to 1.15	2	bushing		

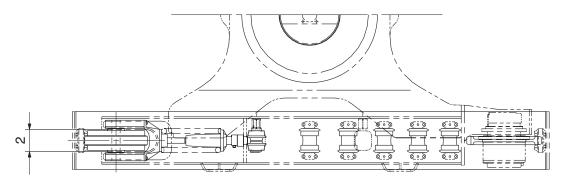


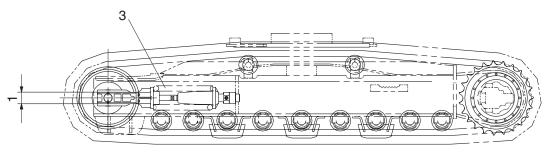
21037MS04

Unit : mm

No.	Check item	Crit	Criteria				
4	l intenitab	Standard size Repair limit		Turn or			
	Link pitch	171.45	175.65	replace			
2	Outside diameter of bushing	Ø53.75	Ø43.95				
3	Height of grouser	25	16	Rebuild or replace			
4	Height of link	94.5	86.5				
5	Tightening torque (Tightening angle method)	Initial tightening torque : 42 ± Additional tightening angle :	Retighten				

5) TRACK FRAME AND RECOIL SPRING



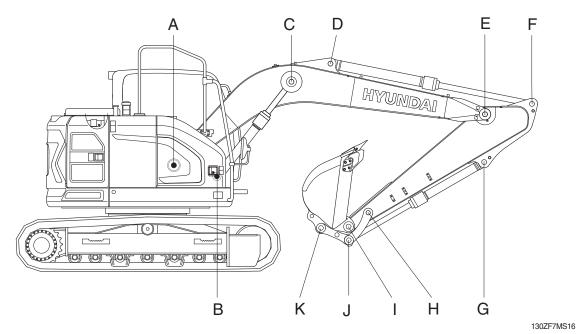


21037MS05

Unit : mm

No.	Check item		Criteria					
			Standar	d size	Tolerance	Repair limit		
1	1 Vertical width of idler guide		e 103	3	+2 0	107	Rebuild or replace	
			rt 100)	0 - 0.5	98		
0	2 Horizontal width of idler guide		e 192	2	+2 0	196	Teplace	
2			rt 190	190 -		188		
			Standard size		Re			
3	Recoil spring	Free length	Installation length	Installat load		Installation load	Replace	
		Ø192×470	405	8,497	′kg –	6,978kg		

2. WORK EQUIPMENT



							Unit:mm
			P	in	Bushing		
Mark	Measuring point (Pin and Bushing)	Normal value	Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Recomm. service limit	Limit of use	Remedy & Remark
Α	Boom Rear	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	Replace
В	Boom Cylinder Head	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	//
С	Boom Cylinder Rod	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	//
D	Arm Cylinder Head	65	64	63.5	65.5	66	//
Е	Boom Front	70	69	68.5	70.5	71	//
F	Arm Cylinder Rod	65	64	63.5	65.5	66	//
G	Bucket Cylinder Head	65	64	63.5	65.5	66	//
Н	Arm Link	65	64	63.5	65.5	66	//
I	Bucket and Arm Link	65	64	63.5	65.5	66	//
J	Bucket Cylinder Rod	65	64	63.5	65.5	66	//
K	Bucket Link	65	64	63.5	65.5	66	//